

CONT. MECHANICS REVIEW

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DERIVATIVE OF A TENSOR FIELD :

$$\varphi = \varphi(\underline{x}, t) \text{ SCALAR}$$

$$\underline{v} = \underline{v}(\underline{x}, t) \text{ VECTOR}$$

$$\underline{A} = \underline{A}(\underline{x}, t) \text{ 2nd RANK TENSOR}$$

$$\underline{C} = \underline{C}(\underline{x}, t) \text{ 4th RANK TENSOR}$$

EXAMPLE

TEMP.

VELOCITY

STRESS

ELASTIC MODULI

$$\underline{\nabla} = \underline{\nabla} = \underline{e}_i \partial_i = \underline{e}_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \quad (\text{SUM ON } i) \quad \text{- LIMITED TO CARTESIAN COORDINATES}$$

NOTE: MOST CONSTITUTIVE EQNS ARE EMBODIED IN CARTESIAN SYSTEMS

$$\text{GRAD } \varphi = \underline{\nabla} \varphi = \underline{e}_i \varphi_{,i} = \underline{e}_i \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x_i} \quad (\text{INCREASES RANK})$$

$$\text{DIV } \underline{v} = \underline{\nabla} \cdot \underline{v} = \frac{\partial v_k}{\partial x_k} = v_{k,k} \quad (\text{DECREASES RANK})$$

$$\text{CURL } \underline{v} = \underline{\nabla} \times \underline{v} = \underline{e}_i \epsilon_{ijk} v_{j,i} \underline{e}_k \quad (\text{MAINTAINS RANK})$$

$$\text{LAPLACIAN } \varphi = \nabla^2 \varphi = \underline{\nabla} \cdot \underline{\nabla} \varphi = \varphi_{,ii}$$

FOR A SECOND RANK TENSOR

$$\text{DIV } \underline{A} = \underline{\nabla} \cdot \underline{A} = A_{im,i} \underline{e}_m$$

$$\text{CURL } \underline{A} = \underline{\nabla} \times \underline{A} = \frac{\partial A_{mn}}{\partial x_i} (\underline{e}_i \times \underline{e}_m) \underline{e}_n$$

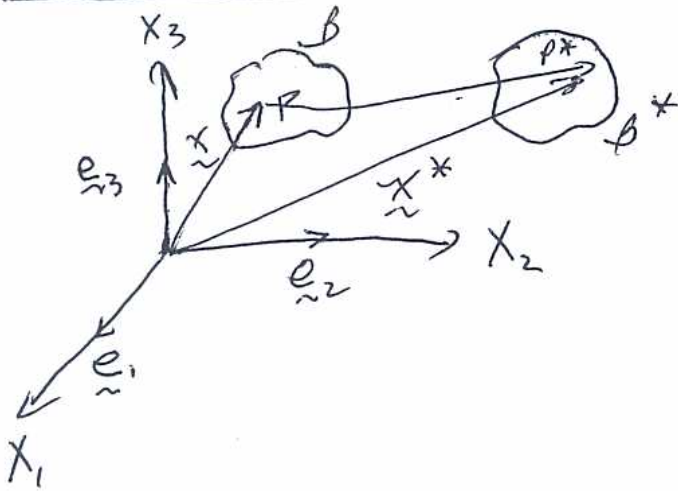
$$\text{GRAD } \underline{A} = \underline{\nabla} \underline{A} = \underline{e}_i \frac{\partial A_{mn}}{\partial x_i} \underline{e}_m \underline{e}_n$$

DIVERGENCE THRM (GENERAL)

$$\int_V A_{ijkl} \dots p \, dV = \int_S A_{ijkl} \dots \nu_p \, dS$$

(USED IN
~~THE~~ BALANCE
LAWS: MASS,
MOMENTUM,
ENERGY)

STRAIN AND KINEMATICS OF DEFORMATION



$B \rightarrow$ UNDEFORMED CONFIGURATION
 $B^* \rightarrow$ CURRENT CONFIGURATION
 $\underline{X} \rightarrow$ LAGRANGIAN COORDS
 $\underline{X}^* \rightarrow$ EULERIAN OR SPATIAL COORDS

$\underline{X}^* = \underline{X}^*(\underline{X}, t)$ IS THE MOTION OF POINT P

$\underline{u}(\underline{X}, t) = \underline{X}^* - \underline{X} \equiv$ DISPLACEMENT

IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF P,

$$d\underline{X}^* = \frac{\partial \underline{X}^*}{\partial \underline{X}} \cdot d\underline{X} = \underline{F} \cdot d\underline{X}$$

$\underline{F} =$ DEFORMATION GRADIENT (LAGRANGIAN)

$$F_{ij} = \frac{\partial X_i^*}{\partial X_j}$$

$J = \text{DET}(F_{ij}) = \text{JACOBIAN OF DEF. GRADIENT}$ 3/9

$dV = J dV_0$
 \uparrow DEFORMED VOLUME \uparrow REFERENCE VOLUME \Rightarrow RELATES LAGRANGIAN WITH EULERIAN SYSTEMS.

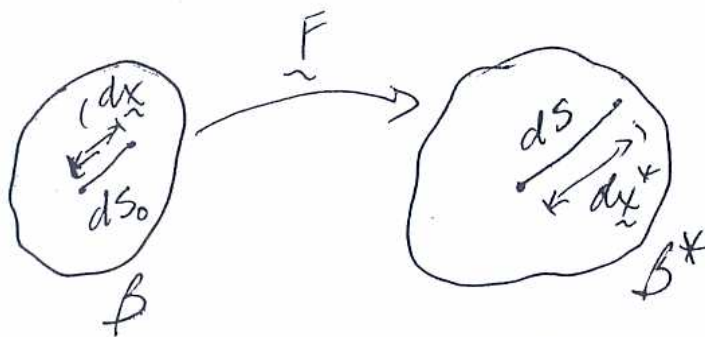
NOTE: J IS RELATED TO VOLUME CHANGE BY CONSERVATION OF MASS.

$$\rho dV = dm = \rho_0 dV_0 = dm_0$$

$$\Rightarrow J = \frac{dV}{dV_0} = \frac{\rho_0}{\rho} \quad \text{LAGRANGIAN STATEMENT}$$

MEASURES OF STRAIN

$$\underline{\underline{C}} = \underline{\underline{F}}^T \cdot \underline{\underline{F}} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} C_{ij} = \frac{\partial X_m^*}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial X_m^*}{\partial x_j} (= c_{ji}) \end{array} \right\} = \text{RIGHT CAUCHY-GREEN TENSOR}$$



$$(ds)^2 = d\underline{x} \cdot \underline{\underline{C}} \cdot d\underline{x}$$

$$(ds)^2 - (ds_0)^2 = 2 d\underline{x} \cdot \underline{\underline{E}} \cdot d\underline{x}$$

$$\underline{\underline{E}} = \frac{1}{2} (\underline{\underline{C}} - \underline{\underline{I}}) = \text{GREEN-ST. VENANT STRAIN TENSOR}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} C_{ij} &= \delta_{ij} + u_{j,i} + u_{i,j} + u_{k,i} u_{k,j} \\ E_{ij} &= \frac{1}{2} [u_{i,j} + u_{j,i} + u_{k,i} u_{k,j}] \end{aligned} \right\} \text{LAGRANGIAN}$$

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$\underline{U} = \underline{C}^{1/2} \equiv$ RIGHT STRETCH TENSOR
 \hookrightarrow USED IN POLAR DECOMPOSITION

$$\underline{F} = \underline{R} \underline{U}$$

$$\lambda(i) = \sqrt{\frac{dS_{(i)}^2}{dS_0^2(i)}} \equiv \text{STRETCH RATIO IN } d\underline{x}_{(i)} \text{ DIRECTION}$$

EIGENVALUES (PRINCIPAL VALUES) OF \underline{U} ARE THE PRINCIPAL STRETCH RATIOS

FOR INFINITESIMAL STRAIN,

$$|u_i| < \epsilon_1, \quad |u_{i,j}| < \epsilon_2$$

$$\Rightarrow E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (u_{i,j} + u_{j,i})$$

NOTE: E_{ij} IS WITHOUT DISTINCTION OF DIFFERENTIATION wrt \underline{x} OR \underline{x}^* SINCE $\underline{x} \cong \underline{x}^*$.

RIGHT POLAR DECOMPOSITION

WE ASSUME THAT THE 3 ORTHOGONAL PRINCIPAL DIRECTIONS OF THE STRETCH TENSOR REMAIN ORTHOGONAL THROUGHOUT THE DEFORMATION

$$\underline{\underline{F}} = \underline{\underline{R}} \cdot \underline{\underline{U}}$$

$\underline{\underline{R}}$ ROTATION TENSOR

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \underline{\underline{R}}^T \cdot \underline{\underline{R}} = \underline{\underline{I}} \\ \text{DET } \underline{\underline{R}} = 1 \end{array} \right\} \underline{\underline{R}} \text{ IS PROPER ORTHOGONAL}$$

MATERIAL TIME DERIVATIVE

$$\dot{(\quad)} = \frac{D}{Dt} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial}{\partial t}}_{\text{LOCAL}} \Big|_{\underline{\underline{x}}^*} + \underbrace{\underline{\underline{v}} \cdot \nabla}_{\text{CONVECTIVE}} \Big|_{\underline{\underline{x}}^*}$$

WHERE $\underline{\underline{v}} = \frac{\partial \underline{\underline{x}}^*}{\partial t} \Big|_{\underline{\underline{x}}} = \frac{d \underline{\underline{x}}^*}{dt} \quad \underline{\underline{v}} = \underline{\underline{v}}(\underline{\underline{x}}^*, t)$

FOR DIFFERENTIATION IN SPATIAL (EULERIAN) SETTINGS.

FOR STEADY FLOW: $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Big|_{\underline{\underline{x}}^*} = 0$

FOR UNIFORM FLOW: $\underline{\underline{v}} \cdot \nabla \Big|_{\underline{\underline{x}}^*} = 0$

EULERIAN RATE OF DEFORMATION + SPIN

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$$\frac{D \underline{E}}{Dt} = \underline{\dot{F}} = \underline{L} \cdot \underline{F}$$

$$\underline{L} = \frac{\partial \underline{v}}{\partial \underline{x}^*} \rightarrow L_{ij} = \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j^*} \equiv \text{SPATIAL VEL. GRAD/ST}$$

$$\underline{D} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\underline{\nabla}_{\underline{x}^*} \underline{v} + \underline{v} \underline{\nabla}_{\underline{x}^*} \right)$$

$$D_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (v_{i,j} + v_{j,i})$$

$\underline{D} \equiv$ RATE OF DEFORMATION TENSOR

$$\underline{D} = (\underline{\nabla}_{\underline{x}^*} \underline{v})^S$$

$$\underline{L} = \underbrace{\underline{D}}_{\text{SYMMETRIC}} + \underbrace{\underline{\omega}}_{\text{ANTI-SYMMETRIC (CONTINUUM SPIN)}}$$

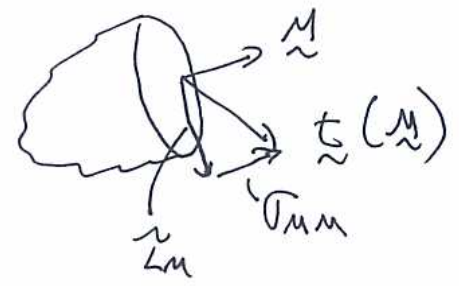
$$\underline{\dot{E}} = \underline{F}^T \cdot \underline{D} \cdot \underline{F} \quad \text{MATERIAL TIME RATE OF GREEN-ST. VENANT STRAIN}$$

FOR INFINITESIMAL STRAIN

$$\underline{\dot{E}} \cong \underline{D} \cong \underline{\dot{\epsilon}}$$

STRESS

$$\underline{t}(\underline{n}) = \frac{d\underline{f}_m}{dA_m}$$



CAUCHY STRESS: $\sigma_{mm} = \underline{t}(\underline{n}) \cdot \underline{n}$

$$\underline{n} = \sqrt{\underline{t} \cdot \underline{t} - \sigma_{mm}^2}$$

CAUCHY'S FIRST LAW

$$\underline{t} = \underline{n} \cdot \underline{\sigma}$$

$$t_i = n_j \cdot \sigma_{ji}$$

EQTN OF MOTION (EULERIAN) - LINEAR MOMENTUM BALANCE

$$\nabla_{x^*} \cdot \underline{\sigma} + \rho \underline{b} = \rho \underline{a}$$

$$\sigma_{ij,i} + \rho b_j = \rho a_j = \rho \frac{Dv_j}{Dt} = \rho \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial t} + \rho v_k \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial x_k^*}$$

QUASI-STATIC EQUILIBRIUM: $\underline{a} = \underline{0}$

ANGULAR MOMENTUM: $\sigma_{ij} = \sigma_{ji}$

PIOLA-KIRCHOFF STRESSED (LAGRANGIAN)

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$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}}^{PK(1)} = J \underline{\underline{F}}^{-1} \cdot \underline{\underline{\sigma}} \quad \} \text{ NOT SYMMETRIC}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}}^{PK(2)} = J \underline{\underline{F}}^{-1} \cdot \underline{\underline{\sigma}} \cdot (\underline{\underline{F}}^{-1})^T \quad \} \text{ SYMMETRIC}$$

EQTN OF MOTION IN REF. CONFIGURATION

$$\underline{\underline{\nabla}}_{\underline{\underline{x}}} \cdot (\underline{\underline{\sigma}}^{PK(2)} \cdot \underline{\underline{F}}^T) + \rho_0 \underline{\underline{b}}_0 = \rho_0 \underline{\underline{\ddot{u}}}$$

CONTINUITY EQTN - CONSERVATION OF MASS

$$\rho_0 = \rho J \quad \text{LAGRANGIAN}$$

$$\frac{D\rho}{Dt} + \rho \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_i} = \dot{\rho} + \rho v_{i,i} = 0 \quad \text{EULERIAN}$$

STRESS POWER

$$P_d = \int_{\mathcal{V}} \underline{\underline{\sigma}} : \underline{\underline{D}} \, d\mathcal{V} = \int_{\mathcal{V}} \sigma_{ij} D_{ij} \, d\mathcal{V}$$

$$= \int_{\mathcal{V}_0} \underline{\underline{\sigma}}^{PK(2)} : \underline{\underline{\dot{E}}} \, d\mathcal{V}_0$$

WORK CONJUGATES (HILL)

$$\sigma \leftrightarrow \underline{\underline{D}}$$

DEVIATORIC + HYDROSTATIC STRESS

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$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}} = \underline{\underline{\sigma}}' + \underline{\underline{\sigma}}^{\#}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\sigma}}' = \underline{\underline{\sigma}} - \underline{\underline{\sigma}}^{\#} = \underline{\underline{\sigma}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{3} \sigma_{kk} \underline{\underline{I}}}_{\underline{\underline{\sigma}}^{\#}}$$

↑
DEVIATORIC
STRESS

REYNOLDS TRANSPORT THRM

- MATERIAL TIME DERIVATIVE OF A VOLUME INTEGRAL
($\underline{\underline{M}}$ IS ARBITRARY RANK)

$$\frac{D}{Dt} \int_{\mathcal{V}} \underline{\underline{M}} dV = \int_{\mathcal{V}} \frac{D}{Dt} (\underline{\underline{M}} dV)$$

DIFF WRT FIXED
SET OF PARTICLES

↑
FIXED CONTROL
VOLUME

$$= \int_{\mathcal{V}} \frac{D}{Dt} \underline{\underline{M}} dV + \int_{\mathcal{V}} \underline{\underline{M}} \cdot \nabla_{\underline{\underline{x}}} \cdot \underline{\underline{\mathcal{V}}} dV$$

$$= \int_{\mathcal{V}} \frac{\partial \underline{\underline{M}}}{\partial t} dV + \int_{\mathcal{S}} (\underline{\underline{M}} \cdot \underline{\underline{\mathcal{V}}}) \underline{\underline{M}} ds$$