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| **The effect of statins on mortality from severe infections and sepsis: A systematic review and meta-analysis** (Janda, Young, FitzGerald, Etminan, Swiston. Journal of Critical Care 2010;25:656e7—656e22) |
| **Source:** Figure 2. Mortality from any cause. (page e15) (excluding Frost and Tseng—RCTs) |
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| **Objective/Aim:** The aim of this study was to systematically review the literature on the effect of statins on mortality in patients with infection and/or sepsis |
| Primary outcome:-mortality (all cause)Participants:-both adult and pediatric patients-included sepsis or various infections: bacteremia, pneumonia, HIV, hepatitis B, C, and A, and cytomegalovirousComparability:-age-sex, severity of disease, co-morbidities, history of illness, medication useFollowup:-minimum duration of followup: 30 daysAdequacy of followup:≥80% considered adequate |